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| <b>Product Name:</b>              | Gibberellic Acid A4 + A7   |
| <b>Product Number:</b>            | G043   |
| <b>CAS Number:</b>                | 468-44-0; 510-75-8   |
| <b>Molecular Formula:</b>         | A4: C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>5</sub> A7: C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  |
| <b>Molecular Weight:</b>          | A4: 332.4 g/mol; A7: 330.38 g/mol  |
| <b>Form:</b>                      | powder   |
| <b>Appearance:</b>                | white or off-white powder  |
| <b>Source:</b>                    | Gibberella fujikuroi   |
| <b>Storage Conditions:</b>        | 2-8 °C   |
| <b>Description:</b>               | Gibberellic acid A4 + A7 (supplied as a mixture) is an endogenous plant growth regulator involved with plant growth, germination, elongation, and flowering. Bioactive diterpenes biosynthesized through complex pathways, Gibberellins can control diverse aspects of plant growth and development. The majority of genes that encode Gibberellic Acid biosynthesis have been identified.   |
| <b>Mechanism of Action:</b>       | Gibberellins are highly expressed in embryos. During this stage, starch serves as the primary energy source and is subsequently degraded by gibberellin-induced activity.  |
| <b>Plant Biology Applications</b> | Gibberellic Acid is used to promote cell division and cell elongation, seed germination and flowering in long-day plants (Raven et al., 1999). In addition to tissue culture applications, Gibberellic Acid is used in strawberry to control growth and flowering for out of season cropping (Paroussi et al., 2002).  |
| <b>Cancer Applications</b>        | The Gibberellin derivative 13-chlorine-3,15-dioxy-gibberellic acid methyl ester (GA-13315) had antitumor and antiangiogenic activity <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> . IC <sub>50</sub> values were 0.13-30.28 ug/ml in 12 human tumor cell lines, and 14.2 ug/ml in peripheral blood mononuclear cells. The antiangiogenic activity (reduced chemotactic motility and capillary-like tube formation) contributed to its anticancer properties (Zhang et al, 2012). |

**References:**

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