

Penicillin V potassium PRODUCT DATA SHEET

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Product Name: Penicillin V potassium

Product Number: P027

CAS Number: 132-98-9

Molecular Formula: $C_{16}H_{17}N_2O_5SK$

Molecular Weight: 388.48

Form: Powder

Appearance: Yellow crystalline powder

Solubility: Water: Freely soluble

Source: Penicillium Spp.

Melting Point: 197-202 °C

Storage Conditions: 2-8 °C

Description: Penicillin is a member of the β-lactam antibiotics and was one of the first

discovered antibiotics.

Penicillin V potassium is sparingly soluble in aqueous solution at 1

mg/mL. Click here for more forms of penicillin.

Mechanism of Action: β-lactams interfere with PBP (penicillin binding protein) activity involved in the

final phase of peptidoglycan synthesis. PBP's are enzymes which catalyze a pentaglycine crosslink between alanine and lysine residues providing additional strength to the cell wall. Without a pentaglycine crosslink, the integrity of the cell wall is severely compromised and ultimately leads to cell lysis and death. Resistance to β -lactams is commonly due to cells containing

plasmid encoded β-lactamases.

Spectrum: Penicillin is targets primarily gram positive bacteria including *Staphylococcus*

and Streptococcus species.

Microbiology Applications Penicillin is commonly used in clinical in vitro microbiological antimicrobial

susceptibility tests (panels, discs, and MIC strips) against gram positive microbial isolates. Medical microbiologists use AST results to recommend antibiotic treatment options for infected patients. Representative MIC values

include:

- Streptococcus pneumoniae 0.004 μg/mL 0.5 μg/mL
- Streptococcus agalactiae 0.03 µg/mL 0.06 µg/mL
- For a complete list of penicillin MIC values, click here.

References:

Guzmán, Flavio, MD. "Beta Lactams Antibiotics (penicillins and Cephalosporins) Mechanism of Action." *Medical Pharmacology*. Pharmacology Corner, 29 Nov. 2008. Web. 21 Aug. 2012.

Pitout JD, Sanders CC, Sanders WE Jr. Antimicrobial resistance with focus on beta-lactam resistance in gram-negative bacilli. Am J Med 1997; 103:51.

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