

<b>Product Name:</b>	Idelalisib
<b>Product Number:</b>	I044
<b>CAS Number:</b>	870281-82-6
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>18</sub> FN <sub>7</sub> O
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	415.42 g/mol
<b>Form:</b>	Powder
<b>Appearance:</b>	Pale yellow to white solid powder
<b>Solubility:</b>	DMSO (≥59.7 mg/ml)
<b>Source:</b>	Synthetic
<b>Storage Conditions:</b>	-20C
<b>Description:</b>	Idelalisib is the free base version of the compound. It is a small molecule inhibitor of phosphoinositide 3-kinase. It also inhibits other class I P13K enzymes. It also inhibits several signaling pathways, including B-cell receptor signaling.
<b>Mechanism of Action:</b>	Idelalisib blocks the delta isoform of the enzyme phosphoinositide 3-kinase signaling, P110δ. The result is decreased phosphorylation of Akt and other effectors. By blocking oncogenic signaling, the compound has utility for B-cell malignancies.
<b>Cancer Applications</b>	Cytotoxicity p110δ-positive multiple myeloma cells was induced by Idelalisib, but was non toxic to healthy PBMCs. The compound blocked in vitro capillary-like tube formation (angiogenesis). A hallmark of autophagy is LC3-II, and Idelalisib was also found to induce LC3-II (Ikeda et al, 2010). In cell-based assays with B-cell tumor lines and primary cells, Idelalisib had 240- to 2500-fold selectivity for P110δ over the other class I P13K isoforms. In SU-DHL-5, WSU-NHL, and CCRF-SB tumor cell lines, exposure to Idelalisib induced apoptosis, reflected in a 3- to 5-fold increase in annexin V staining. By blocking oncogenic signaling, the compound has utility for B-cell malignancies (Lannutti et al, 2011).
<b>References:</b>	Ikeda H et al (2010) PI3K/p110δ is a novel therapeutic target in multiple myeloma. Blood 116: 1460-1468 PMID 20505158 Lannutti BJ et al (2011) CAL-101, a p110delta selective phosphatidylinositol-3-kinase inhibitor for the treatment of B-cell malignancies, inhibits PI3K signaling and cellular viability. Blood 117: 591-594