

Echinocandin B PRODUCT DATA SHEET

issue date 01/06/2020

Product Name: Echinocandin B

Product Number: E031

CAS Number: 54651-05-7 Molecular Formula: $C_{52}H_{81}N_7O_{16}$

Molecular Weight: 1060.4 Form: powder

Appearance: Off white to brownish powder

Solubility: Soluble in ethanol, methanol, DMF or DMSO. Poor water solubility.

Source: Aspergillus nidulans, Aspergillus rugulosis

Storage Conditions: -20°C

Description: Echinocandin B a natural product and lipopeptide antifungal. Discovered in

1974 in Germany, it is the first of its class of antifungals called echinocandins.

Echinocandin B is a cyclic hexapeptide with a linoleolyl side chain.

Anidulafungin is synthesized from Echinocandin B. Echinocandin B is soluble

in ethanol, methanol, DMSO and DMF.

Mechanism of Action: Echinocandin competitively inhibits β -(1,3)-D-glucan synthase, thus inhibits

glucan synthesis, an essential component of the fungal cell wall. Changes in the cell wall can lead to eventual cell lysis. It does not affect mammalian cells

since they do not contain β -(1,3)-D-glucan.

Spectrum: Echinocandin B is against fungi including *Aspergillus* spp. and *Candida* spp.

including C. albicans. In general, MIC_{90} values are ≤ 2 ug/ml against Candida spp. Resistance mechanisms have not been fully elucidatated. The molecular target is the FKS1 subunit of glucan synthase, thus mutations to this site confer

varying degrees of resistance.

References:

Cacho RA, Jiang W, Chooi YH, Walsh CT, and Tang Y (2012) Identification and characterization of the echinocandin B biosynthetic gene cluster from Emericella rugulosa NRRL 11440. J Am Chem Soc. 134(40):16781-90 PMID 22998630

Cassone A et al (1981) Lysis of growing yeast-form cells of Candida albicans by echinocandin: a cytological study. Sabouraudia 19 1):97-110. PMID 7020114

Denning DW(1997) Echinocandins and pneumocandins--a new antifungal class with a novel mode of action. J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 40(5):611-614 PMID 9421307

Douglas CM et al (1997) Identification of the FKS1 gene of Candida albicans as the essential target of 1,3-beta-D-glucan synthase inhibitors. Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 41(11):2471-2479 PMID 9371352

Eschenauer G, Depestel DD, and Carver PL (2007) Comparison of echinocandin antifungals. Ther. Clin. Risk Manag. 3(1):71-97 PMID 18360617

Kauss H and Jeblick W (1986) Influence of free fatty acids, Lysophosphatidylcholine, Platelet-Activating Factor, Acylcarnitine, and Echinocandin B on 1,3-beta-d-Glucan Synthase and callose Synthesis. Plant Physiol. 80(1):7-13 PMID 16664610

Patil A and Majumdar S (2017) Echinocandins in antifungal pharmacotherapy. Pharm. Pharmacol. 69(12):1635-1660 PMID 28744860

Sawistowska-Schröder ET, Kerridge D, Perry H (1984) Echinocandin inhibition of 1,3-beta-D-glucan synthase from Candida albicans. . FEBS Lett. 173(1):134-138 PMID 6235127.

If you need any help, contact us: info@toku-e.com. Find more information on: www.toku-e.com/