

Ceftizoxime Sodium PRODUCT DATA SHEET

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Product Name: Ceftizoxime Sodium

Product Number: C021

CAS Number: 68401-82-1

Molecular Formula: $C_{13}H_{12}N_5O_5S_2 \cdot Na$

Molecular Weight: 405.38

Form: Powder

Appearance: White or pale yellow crystalline powder

Solubility: soluble in aqueous solution

Source: Synthetic

Water Content (Karl

Fischer):

≤8.5%

pH: 6.0-8.0

Optical Rotation: +125° to +145°

Storage Conditions: -20°C

Description: Ceftizoxime sodium is a third-generation cephalosporin, similar in antibacterial

activity to cefotaxime and moxalactam. It is not hydrolyzed by common plasmid and chromosomal β lactamases. It is soluble in aqueous solution.

Mechanism of Action: Like β-lactams, cephalosporins interfere with PBP (penicillin binding protein)

activity involved in the final phase of peptidoglycan synthesis. PBP's are enzymes which catalyze a pentaglycine crosslink between alanine and lysine residues providing additional strength to the cell wall. Without a pentaglycine crosslink, the integrity of the cell wall is severely compromised and ultimately leads to cell lysis and death. Resistance to cephalosporins is commonly due to cells containing plasmid-encoded β-lactamases; however, ceftizoxime is

stable in the presence of these inactivating enzymes.

Spectrum: Ceftizoxime is a broad spectrum antibiotic targeting a wide variety of Gram-

positive and Gram-negative bacteria, both aerobic and anaeobic.

Microbiology Applications Ceftizoxime sodium is commonly used in clinical in vitro microbiological

antimicrobial susceptibility tests (panels, discs, and MIC strips) against Grampositive and Gram-negative microbial isolates. Medical microbiologists use AST results to recommend antibiotic treatment options for infected patients.

Representative MIC values include:

- Haemophilus spp. 0.008 μg/mL 0.25 μg/mL
- Neisseria spp. 0.004 μg/mL 0.015 μg/mL
- For a complete list of ceftizoxime MIC values, click here.

References:

Fass RJ (1983) Comparative *in vitro* activities of third-generation cephalosporins. Arch Intern Med. 143(9):1743–1745 PMID 6615095

Kamimura T, Matsumoto Y, Shigi Y, Nishida M. (1980) Laboratory evaluation of ceftizoxime, a new parenteral cephalosporin. Arzneimittelforschung. 30(10):1662-1664 PMID 6969078

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Neu, HC (1984) Ceftizoxime: A BetallLactamasellStable, BroadlSpectrum Cephalosporin. J. Human Pharmacol and Drug Ther. 4:47-58

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