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issue date 01/06/2020

Product Name: Bacitracin F, EvoPure®

Product Number: B021

CAS Number: 22601-63-4

Molecular Formula: $C_{66}H_{98}N_{16}O_{17}S$

Molecular Weight: 1419.65 g/mol

Form: Powder

Appearance: White or off-white powder

Solubility: freely soluble in aqueous solution.

Source: Bacillus subtilis var Tracy

Storage Conditions: -20°C

Description: Bacitracin F, EvoPure[®] is a highly purified form of Bacitracin fraction F. The

EvoPure line of Bacitracins are bioactive, non-toxic congeners that have not

shown toxicity to cell lines in eukaryotic cell culture.

Bacitracin F, EvoPure can be used to study properties and characteristics of Bacitracin F separately from other Bacitracin compounds found in standard grade bacitracin. Bacitracin F, EvoPure can also be used as an analytical

standard.

For all Bacitracin products, click here.

Mechanism of Action: Bacitracin prevents phosphorylation of bactoprenol, a transport protein which

carries peptidoglycan components outside the cell membrane. Without the active phosphorylated bactoprenol, peptidoglycan synthesis cannot be

completed and the cell lyses. Resistance to Bacitracin is understood to involve two mechanisms: A protein transporter (BcrABC) which pumps bacitracin out of the cell after it has entered, and via another protein (BacA) which provides the active phosphorylated bactoprenol from a different synthetic pathway.

Spectrum: Bacitracin primarily targets the cell wall in members of the Gram-positive

bacteria including Streptococcus pyogenes and Staphylococcus aureus.

Microbiology Applications Bacitracin is a useful tool to differentiate between ß-hemolytic, group A

Streptococci (*Streptococcus pyogenes*) and ß-hemolytic Streptocococci of other groups. Bacitracin can be used as a supplement in chocolate agar to facilitate the isolation of *Haemophilus influenzae*. Bacitracin can be used to study the regulatory network in *B. subtilis*. By systematically analyzing the Bacitracin stimulon, authors can pinpoint the loci induced by Bacitracin

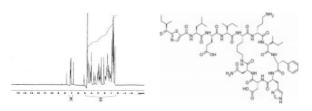
(Mascher et al 2003).

Plant Biology Applications

Tobacco hairy roots and cell suspensions were used in plant transformation studies to produce full length murine IgG1 monoclonal antibody. Bacitracin has been shown to prevent degradation of peptides and hormones in plant systems. Treatment with Bacitracin was not sufficient to prevent loss of antibody from the cultures, but improved the growth rates by up to 53%. (Sharp and Doran, 1999).

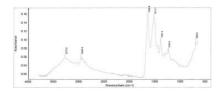
Technical Data:

HNMR Spectra



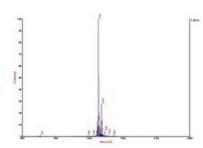
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FTIR Spectra



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Mass Spectra



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Polarity/Scan Type: Positive **Solvent:** H₂O

Solution Concentration: 10 mg/mL

References:

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