

Blasticidin S Hydrochloride PRODUCT DATA SHEET

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Product Name:	Blasticidin S Hydrochloride
Product Number:	B001
CAS Number:	3513-03-9
Molecular Formula:	$C_{17}H_{26}N_8O_5 \cdot HCI$
Molecular Weight:	458.90
Form:	Powder
Appearance:	White or off-white powder
Solubility:	Clear and colorless or slight light yellow solution (5mg/mL in H_2O)
Source:	Streptomyces griseochromogenes
Potency (on a dry basis):	≥850µg/mg
Storage Conditions:	2-8°C;
Description:	Blasticidin S HCl is a peptidyl nucleoside produced by several species of <i>Streptomyces</i> that was first isolated from <i>S. griseochromogenes</i> in 1958. Blasticidin S inhibits protein synthesis and is active against bacteria, fungi, nematodes, and tumor cells. The compound is used as a selection antibiotic for both eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells, and a marker for strain manipulation.
	TOKU-E carries three forms of Blasticidin S:
	 Blasticidin S HCI (B001) <u>Blasticidin S (B052)</u> <u>Blasticidin S HCI Solution (10 mg/ml in 20 mM HEPES)(B006-B007)</u> Blasticidin S is soluble in water (5-10 mg/ml) and acetic acid.

This product is considered a dangerous good. Quantities above 1 g may be subject to additional shipping fees.

Mechanism of Action:	Blasticidin S HCI inhibits protein synthesis in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells by binding to the ribosomal P-site which strengthens tRNA binding and slows down and prevents subsequent peptide synthesis.
	Mechanisms of resistance
	Resistance to blasticidin S is conferred by bsr, BSD, and bls resistance genes isolated from <i>Bacillus cereus</i> K55-S1, <i>Aspergillus terreus</i> , and <i>Streptoverticillum</i> spp, respectively.
	The bsr resistance gene is a 420 bp fragment and encodes a 15 kDa blasticidin S deaminase which catalyzes the reaction of blasticidin S to deaminohydroxyblasticidin S. Deaminohydroxyblasticidin S is a biologically inactive derivative of blasticidin S and does not interact with or inhibit prokaryotic or eukaryotic ribosomes.
	The bsd resistance gene is a 393 bp fragment and also encodes a blasticidin S deaminase enzyme which catalyzes a similar reaction to the BSR deaminase. A study by Kimura et al. found the transfection frequency with bsd to be 80X greater than with bsr when using FM3A cells.
	The bls gene resistance gene encodes an acetyltransferase which interacts with acetyl-coenzyme A and prevents blasticidin S from inhibiting protein synthesis.
Spectrum:	Blasticidin S HCI is biologically active against susceptible mammalian and prokaryotic cells.
Microbiology Applications	Blasticidin S HCl can be used as a selection agent after transformation of prokaryotic (bacterial) cells, namely <i>E. coli</i> . Optimal Blasticidin S HCl selection concentrations range from 25 - 100 μ g/mL and should be tested for each experimental condition. Selective media containing Blasticidin S HCl should contain a low salt concentration (<90mM) and pH ≤7 to avoid blasticidin degradation.

References:

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