Legionella GVPN Selective Supplement

PRODUCT INFORMATION

V001-250mg - Vancomycin HCl, Powder, 250mg
V001-1g - Vancomycin HCl, Powder, 1g
V001-5g - Vancomycin HCl, Powder, 5g

P007-1MU - Polymyxin B Sulfate, Powder, 1MU
P007-10MU - Polymyxin B Sulfate, Powder, 10MU
P007-100MU - Polymyxin B Sulfate, Powder, 100MU

N002-50mg - Natamycin, Powder, 50mg

DESCRIPTION

Legionella Cye Agar Base supplemented with Legionella Bcye Growth Supplement a selective supplement and Legionella GVPN Selective Supplement can be used for the isolation of legionellae.

BACKGROUND

Polymyxin B is an antibiotic primarily used for resistant gram-negative infections. It is derived from the bacterium Bacillus polymyxa. Polymyxin B is a mixture of two closely related compounds, polymyxin B1 and polymyxin B2. It has a bactericidal action against almost all gram-negative bacilli except the Proteus group.

Vancomycin is a glycopeptide antibiotic used in the prophylaxis and treatment of infections caused by Gram-positive bacteria.

Natamycin is a naturally occurring antifungal agent produced during fermentation by the bacterium Streptomyces natalensis, commonly found in soil. Natamycin has a very low solubility in water, due to the amphiphilic nature of the molecule. However, natamycin is effective at very low levels. Most molds have an MIC (minimum inhibitory concentration) of less than 10 ppm.

Mechanism of action

Polymyxins bind to the cell membrane and alter its structure, making it more permeable. The resulting water uptake leads to cell death.

Vancomycin acts by inhibiting proper cell wall synthesis in Gram-positive bacteria. Due to the different mechanism by which Gram-negative bacteria produce their cell walls and the various factors related to entering the outer membrane of Gram-negative organisms, vancomycin is not active against Gram-negative bacteria (except some non-gonococcal species of Neisseria).

APPLICATION IN LEGIONELLA CYE AGAR BASE

The discovery of the causative organism of Legionnaires’ disease has been reviewed by Fallon. Since that review further progress has been made in culturing the organism from clinical specimens and also in the enumeration of Legionella species from environmental samples. Feeley et al. described a modification of F-G Agar in which acid hydrolysed casein was replaced by yeast extract as the source of protein and starch was replaced by activated charcoal (Norit A) at a final concentration of 0.2% (w/v). This medium, which they named CYE Agar has been further supplemented with ACES Buffer and a-ketoglutarate and is described in the literature as BCYE-a Medium. BCYE-a Medium has been shown to yield optimal recovery of Legionellaceae in a shorter incubation period from environmental samples and clinical specimens.

BCYE Medium is based on the formulation of Edelstein and is prepared from Legionella CYE Agar Base and Legionella BCYE Growth Supplement. The sterile lyophilised supplement contains ACES Buffer/potassium hydroxide, a-ketoglutarate, ferric pyrophosphate and L-cysteine HCl. When added to CYE Agar Base it stabilises the pH of the medium at 6.9 ± 0.2 and provides essential growth factors.

Legionellaceae have an absolute nutritional requirement for L-cysteine. Presumptive Legionella spp. colonies can be subcultured onto both BCYE Medium with L-cysteine, and BCYE Medium without L-cysteine.

All plates are incubated at 35°C. Colonies which have grown on BCYE Medium with L-cysteine, but not on BCYE Medium without L-cysteine, can be regarded as presumptive Legionella spp.

Content concentrations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typical Formula*</th>
<th>mg/litre</th>
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*Note: Typical formulae may vary depending on the specific product batch.
TOKU-E Application Data Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legionella CYE Agar Base</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Activated charcoal</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeast extract</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agar</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final pH 6.9 ± 0.2 @ 25°C</td>
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<td></td>
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**Legionella Bcye Growth Supplement**

| Buffer/Potassium hydroxide               | 10000             |                   |
| Ferric pyrophosphate                     | 250               |                   |
| L-cysteine HCl                           | 400               |                   |
| a -Ketoglutarate                         | 1000              |                   |

**Legionella GVPN Selective Supplement**

| Glycine (ammonia free)                   | 1500              |                   |
| Vancomycin hydrochloride                 | 0.5               |                   |
| Polymyxin B sulphate                     | 40,000 IU         |                   |
| Natamycin                                | 20                |                   |

* Adjusted as required to meet performance standards

Table 1 - Typical Formula for Legionella CYE Agar Base, Legionella Bcye Growth Supplement and Legionella GVPN Selective Supplement

**METHOD**

**Preparation**

Suspend appreciate amount of Legionella CYE Agar Base in the distilled water and bring gently to the boil to dissolve completely. Sterilise by autoclaving at 121°C for 15 minutes. Reconstitute Legionella Bcye Growth Supplement and Legionella GVPN Selective Supplement as directed. Allow medium to cool to 50°C Mix gently and pour into sterile Petri dishes. The final pH of the medium should be 6.9 ± 0.2.

**Protocol**

1. Prepare Legionella GVPN Selective agar as described in the preparation.

2. Emulsify approximately 0.5 g of the sample in 5 ml of sterile 0.1% peptone water to form an approximate 1:10 dilution.

3. Inoculate onto the selective medium with cotton tipped swabs so that single isolated colonies are formed.

4. Incubate the plates for 48 hours at 35°C.

**Quality control**

Positive control:

*Legionella pneumophila* ATCC® 33152: Good growth; grey/white-blueish coloured colonies

*Legionella pneumophila* NCTC 12821: Good growth; grey/white-blueish coloured colonies

**REFERENCES**